

# **Forward Looking Statements**

Certain information included in this presentation and other statements or materials published or to be published by the Company are not historical facts but are forward-looking statements relating to such matters as anticipated financial performance, business prospects, technological developments, new and existing products, expectations for market segment and growth, and similar matters. In connection with the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, the Company provides the following cautionary remarks regarding important factors which, among others, could cause the Company's actual results and experience to differ materially from the anticipated results or other expectations expressed in the Company's forward-looking statements. The risks and uncertainties that may affect the operations, performance, development, results of the Company's business, and the other matters referred to above include, but are not limited to: (i) changes in the business environment in which the Company operates, including global GDP changes, the level of international trade, inflation and interest rates; (ii) changes in taxes, governmental laws, and regulations; (iii) competitive product and pricing activity; (iv) difficulties of managing growth profitably; and (v) the loss of one or more members of the Company's management team.

As required by SEC rules, we have provided a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measures included in this presentation to the most directly comparable GAAP measures in materials on our website at www.textainer.com.



**Company Overview** 

- Textainer has operated since 1979 and is one of the world's largest lessor of intermodal containers with a container fleet of 3.5 million TEU
- Textainer leases containers to over 250 customers, including all of the world's leading international shipping lines
- Textainer is also one of the largest sellers of new and used containers with annual sales in excess of 140,000 units
- Textainer manages a diversified container fleet that consists of standard dry freight, dry freight specials, tanks, and refrigerated intermodal containers, mirroring the composition of the worldwide fleet



#### Overview

- Headquartered in Bermuda
- Scalable network of 14 offices and over 500 depots
- Workforce of over 160 employees
- Publicly traded in both the New York (Ticker "TGH") and Johannesburg (Ticker "TXT") stock exchanges

#### **Summary performance**

- Last twelve month ("LTM") lease rental income of \$609 million
- LTM Adjusted Net Income¹ of \$43 million
- LTM Adjusted EBITDA<sup>1</sup> of \$463 million
- Average fleet age of 5.6 years (NBV weighted)

# **Textainer Advantages**

### Fleet size

- Our large fleet size is a competitive advantage, particularly in light of the recent supplier and customer consolidation
- A large fleet size affords us meaningful economies of scale with one of the industry's lowest cost structure
- Our size allows us to hold sufficient idle inventory around the world to immediately meet any urgent demand requirements from our customers
- We carry insurance to protect against losses in the event of a customer default

### Infrastructure

- Experienced management team providing best-inclass service to our business partners
- Over 40yrs of know-how to procure, inspect, market, repair, and resell containers, maximizing returns over the container's entire economic life-cycle
- Highly scalable and efficient IT infrastructure
- Expansive global footprint to service customers in all demand locations

### Diversified revenue

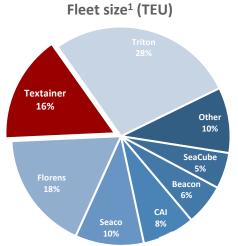
- Equipment type diversification provides exposure to industries with decoupled economic cycles
- Our dedicated international resale team is a leader in the field as one of the largest sellers of containers in the world, focused on maximizing resale proceeds
- We also purchase and resell containers from shipping lines, container traders and other sellers
- We manage containers on behalf of 3rd party owners, earning a steady stream of low-risk fee income using our existing platform

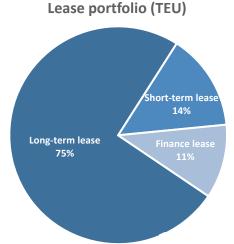
### Capital structure

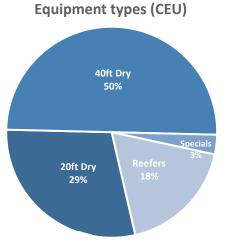
- We maintain low cost debt financing from diversified funding sources and with staggered maturities
- Most of our debt is fixed-rate, helping mitigate interest rate risk
- Active share buyback program to improve shareholder value

### **Textainer Fleet Overview**

# teX

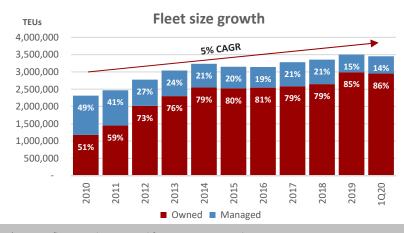


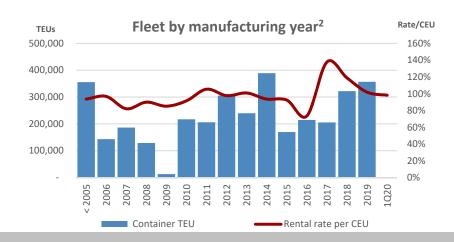




One of the largest lessors in the world, we generate stable cashflows from a mix of 86% longterm leases

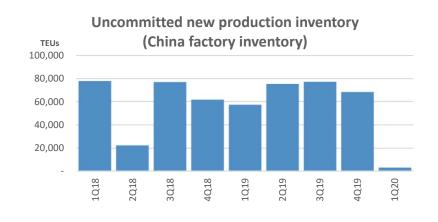
We manage 14% of our fleet for 3<sup>rd</sup> party owners; providing additional, low-risk fee revenue, and future fleet purchase opportunities

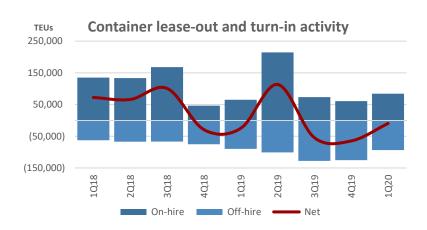




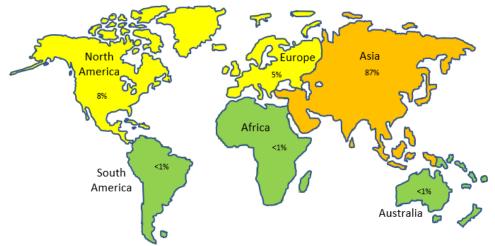
- 1) Peer fleet size data sourced from Harrison Consulting
- 2) Rental rate per CEU calculated of operating long-term leases and is indexed to the fleetwide average

# **Textainer Container Inventory**





Available depot inventory (non-factory inventory)

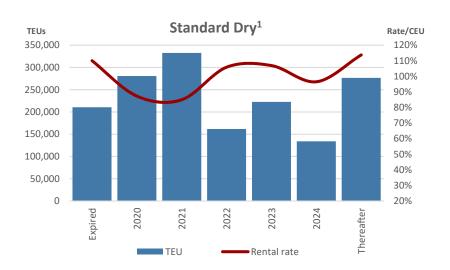


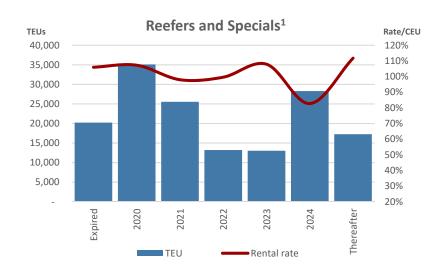
Optimized inventory supply to meet the immediate needs of our customers

Our depot inventory is well positioned across the globe according to lease-out demand

# **Textainer Lease Expiration**



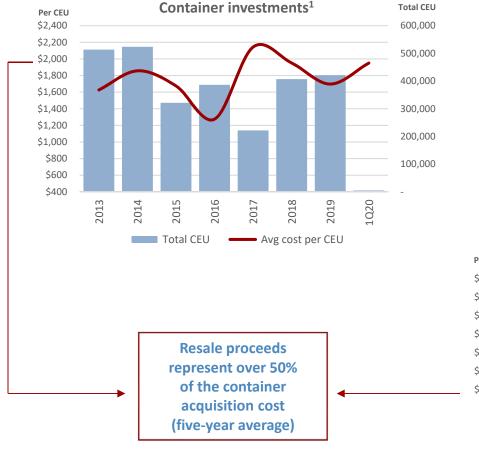




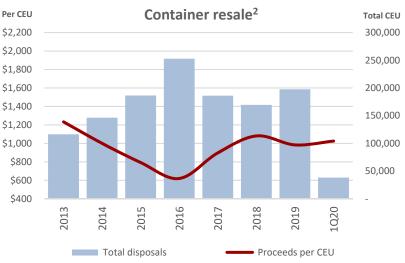
Operating leases have an average remaining lease term of 2.8 years (NBV weighted) Operating long-term leases expiring in 2020 represent 12% of FY19 lease rental income

On average, lessees retain containers 1yr past the lease expiration date

# **Textainer Capex and Resale**



- Minimal container investments during 1Q20 due to low demand for additional containers (\$739M in 2019)
- We remain focused on capex with doubledigit returns and accretive to our financial performance
- Prices for new and used containers trended up during the quarter, partly driven by pricing discipline and reduction in production capacity implemented by the factories

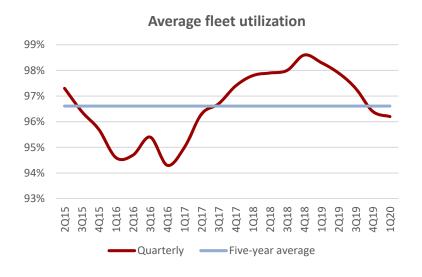


Total container purchases for both the owned and managed fleet, based on date added to the fleet (delivery date). Does not reflect fleet ownership changes between owned and managed

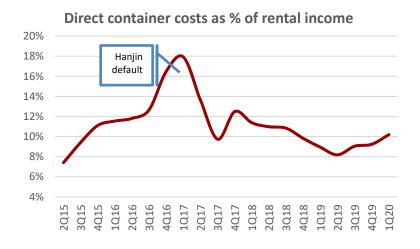
Resale of off-hired operating containers (i.e. held for sale depot containers). Does not include container trading activity (i.e. sale of new or old containers acquired exclusively for immediate resale). The average proceeds per CEU reflect total proceeds received

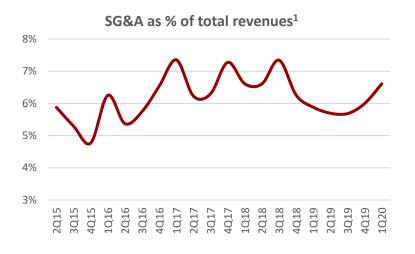
# **Textainer Cost Management**

# tex



- High average fleet utilization, with adequate levels of depot inventory to service all customer requirements
- Our economies of scale and cost control initiatives have resulted in low normalized operating costs

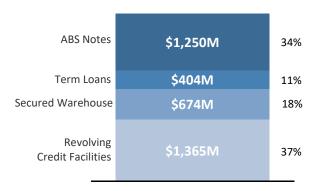




# **Textainer Debt Financing**

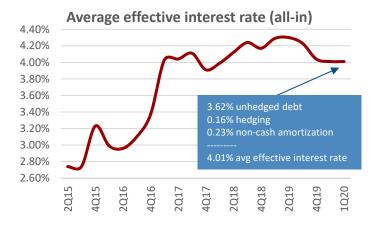
# tex

#### **Outstanding borrowings by source**



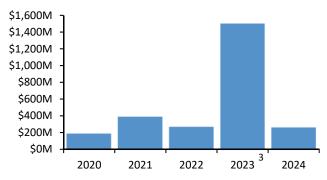
\$3,693M

No debt maturities or refinancing requirements during 2020



Properly hedged debt from diversified sources and with staggered maturities

#### Future debt repayments<sup>2</sup>



Floating vs. Fixed rate debt	% of Total	Remaining term (months)	Spot coupon at period end
Fixed rate debt	45%	46	3.94%
Hedged floating rate debt (swaps)	35%	29	3.38%
Total fixed rate and hedged debt	79%	38	3.69%
Unhedged floating rate debt	21%		2.45%
Total debt	100%		3.44%
Long-term and finance leases as % of total fleet <sup>1</sup>	77%	53	

<sup>1)</sup> Containers in long-term operating leases and finance leases as a percentage of all containers in our owned fleet, which includes off-hire containers such as factory, depot inventory and held for sale
2) Reflects contractual amortization of our notes, estimated repayments to maintain the maximum loan-to-value in our revolving facilities (based on the current existing fleet absent any future capex).

<sup>2)</sup> Reflects contractual amortization of our notes, estimated repayments to maintain the maximum loan-to-value in our revolving facilities (based on the current existing fleet absent any future capex), and the contractual maturity of our existing revolving facilities (assuming no refinance/renewal)

<sup>3)</sup> Includes \$1,217M from our revolving credit facility that matures on September 2023 and will be refinanced/renewed prior to maturity

# **Company Footprint**

 Textainer operates through a network of 14 offices and 500 depots covering all time zones and major trading centers over the world. Our four regional offices form the backbone of our worldwide leasing, resale, and operations activities.



# Container Life Cycle Management

### **Initial Lease**



- Lease term generally five to seven years
- We place a significant focus on the off-hire provisions

45% of total expected returns

### Mid-Life



- Lease renewal or re-lease to different customers
- May be re-leased several times over useful life
- We leverage our global infrastructure and operational expertise

30% of total expected returns

### **Disposition**



- Sale generally for static storage or one-way cargo
- Resale market enjoys a different customer base
- Achieved container residual values of ~50% of current asset cost

25% of total expected returns

With over 40 years of experience, Textainer maximizes returns throughout the entire container life cycle

# Management Team



**Olivier Ghesquiere** President & Chief Executive Officer

25 years of international asset management experience including work at Ermewa Group as Chief Operating Officer and CEO, Eurotainer as Managing Director and Chairman, and Brambles Group under various management positions.

Joined in 2016



**Michael Chan** Executive VP & Chief Financial Officer

30 years of accounting and finance and 24 of international asset management experience including work at Ygrene Energy Fund as CFO, Cronos Container Group as Sr. Director of Treasury, Chartres Lodging Group as CFO, and Price Waterhouse Coopers as audit manager.

Joined 1994 to 2006 and in 2017

**Philippe Wendling** Senior VP, Marketing 15 years of transportation leasing and marketing experience

Joined in 2019

**Vincent Mak** Regional VP, Asia 43 years of intermodal and shipping industry

experience Joined in 1996

Michael Samsel Regional VP, EMEA 28 years of container leasing marketing

experience Joined in 1998

John Simmons Regional VP, Americas 30 years of intermodal industry experience

Joined in 2011

**Alvin Chong** Global VP, Resale 25 years of resale and 30 years of intermodal

industry experience Joined in 1995

**Gregory Coan** 

**Daniel Cohen** 

**Jack Figueira** VP, Ops and Procurement

Giancarlo Gennaro VP, Finance

VP. General Counsel

Senior VP, CIO

34 years of Information Technology and 27 years of intermodal industry experience

Joined in 1992

23 years of corporate, finance, and securities legal experience with international law firms and in-house Joined in 2011

35 years of intermodal and shipping industry experience experience

16 years of accounting and finance and 8 years of intermodal industry experience

Joined in 2017

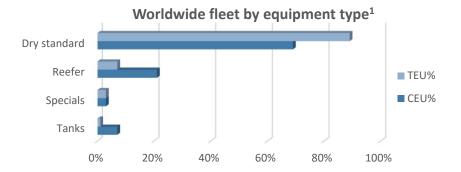
Joined in 1990



**Industry Overview** 

# **Container Types**

 Containers are large steel boxes built to International Standardization Organization ("ISO") norms and used for intermodal freight transportation. They are divided into four main categories





#### Dry standard

Fitted with steel roof, end and side panels, wooden floors and steel doors.

Used to carry a wide range of semi-finished and finished manufactured goods, raw materials and agricultural produce



#### Refrigerated ("Reefer")

Steel cladding fitted with insulation and an externally mounted temperature-control unit to control internal temperature.

Used to carry frozen and temperaturesensitive goods such as meat, fish, fruit and vegetables



#### Specials

Similar to Dry standard, but designed specifically for the transportation of non-conforming cargoes.

Used to carry non-standard items such as sheet glass, large machinery, and vehicles



#### **Tanks**

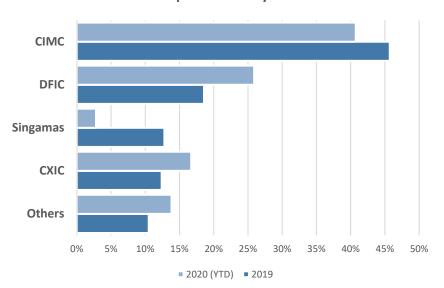
Stainless steel cylinder set within an ISO steel frame.

Used mostly to carry industrial chemicals in liquid form and potable liquids such as fruit juices and wines

### **Container Production**

### t e X

#### Container TEU production by manufacturer<sup>1</sup>



After recent consolidation in 2019, CIMC and DFIC have emerged as the dominant suppliers in terms of production capacity and market share

- Containers are manufactured in China, a highly desirable on-hire location for our customers
- Lead times can be as short as 3 weeks, allowing near "just-in-time" ordering, quickly adjusting to changes in market demand and reducing inventory risk
- Leased containers have a long economic life of 15+ years and little technological obsolescence
- At the end of their economic life, containers are sold on a secondary market to a different customer base for other uses such as static storage or one-way cargo moves

# **Container Leasing**

Leasing customers are primarily shipping lines which generally lease a large portion of their container fleet

Given recent consolidation, the top 10 shipping lines represent +80% market share

Benefits Flexibility to on-hire / offto hire<sup>1</sup> containers to optimize lessees capacity to meet fluctuating demand requirements Flexibility to on-hire / offhire<sup>1</sup> containers at locations around the globe to alleviate trade imbalances Conserves capital for significant cash requirements such as vessels, terminals, and fuel costs

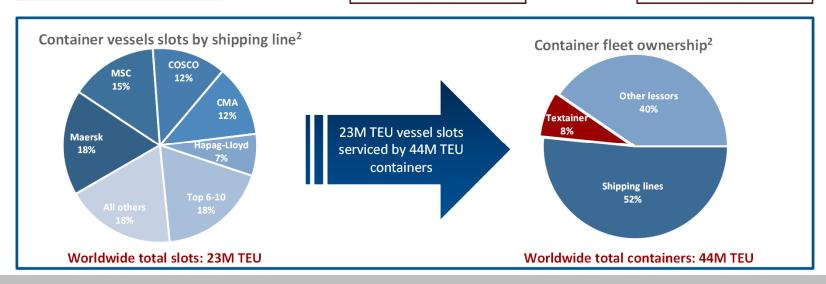
Benefits to lessors

Leases are non-cancellable, with terms typically ranging 5-7yrs (initial lease) and 1-3yrs (renewals)

Long-term nature of leases offers stable and predictable cash flows with protection during economic down cycles

Leases are "triple-net" requiring the lessee to pay for all repairs in excess of normal wear and tear

Lessees are incentivized to renew expiring leases to avoid repair costs and the logistical cost of the return



Provides an alternate source

of financing in a capital

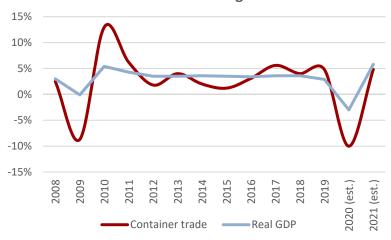
intensive business

- 1) Containers can only be off-hired at the termination of the contractual lease term and are subject to provisions that may limit the amount and locations of off-hiring activity
- 2) Source: Harrison Consulting

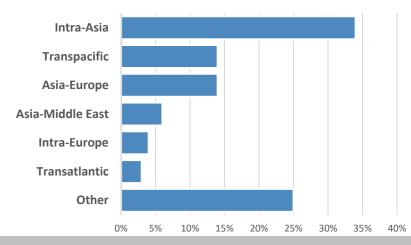
### **World Container Trade**







#### Trade flow by major trade route<sup>2</sup>



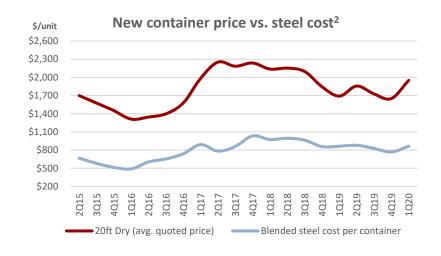
- Container demand is inherently tied to trade.
   Growth of the container fleet is normally expected to be in line global GDP growth
- At the end of their economic life, containers are sold on a secondary market to a different customer base for other uses such as static storage or one-way cargo moves
- Quarantine measures implemented across the world in 1Q 2020 have caused a significant decline in the expected trade volumes and GDP growth during 2020

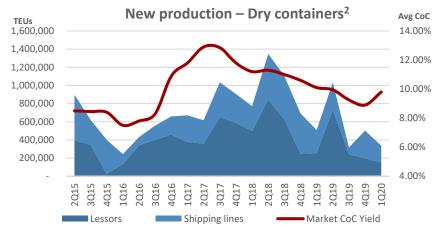
<sup>)</sup> Source: GDP figures published by the IMF. Container trade figures are based on management estimates using various industry sources

Source: Harrison Consulting

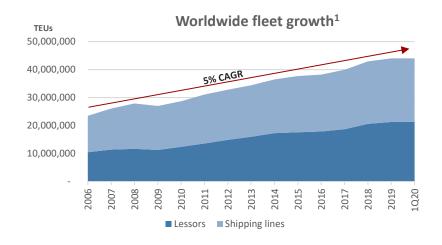
### **Historical Container Market Data**





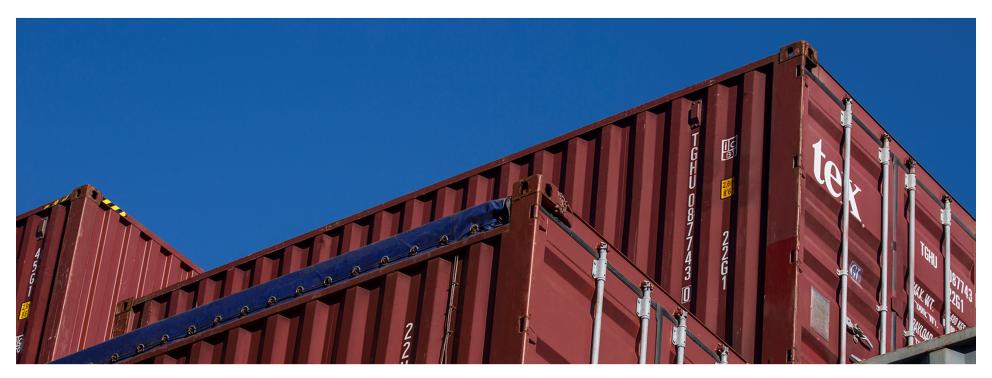






<sup>1)</sup> Source: Harrison Consulting

<sup>2)</sup> Source: figures based on management estimates using industry sources



Quarterly Earnings

# Overview of Quarterly Financial Results



	1Q20 and % change from 4Q19
Lease rental income	\$145M (-4%)
Income from operations	\$46M (-28%)
Net loss	\$-4M (-115%)
Adjusted net income <sup>1</sup>	\$10M (-12%)
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>1</sup>	\$117M (3%)

### **Quarter Highlights**

- Lower revenue driven by fleet attrition due to limited new container investments opportunities in the current market
- Average utilization decreased due to lack of lease-outs, but remains high at 96.2%
- Repurchased 1.9M shares under the share buyback program and increased the buyback authority to \$50M
- No credit issues, but recorded \$2M of bad debt expense as we increased the provision to reflect the heightened risk during the current crisis
- Strong balance sheet with stable cash balance of \$226M and a \$135M reduction in outstanding debt during the quarter

### **Current Market Environment and Outlook**

### t e x

#### Slow lease-out market

- Trade volumes negatively impacted by quarantine measures and expected to decline further in 2Q20
- Limited lease-out opportunities during 1Q20; expected to continue into 2Q20
- Controlled pace of redeliveries through April 2020
- We expect a return in demand during 2H20, though timing and extent uncertain and shaped by the extent and duration of quarantine measures

# New container prices have stabilized above \$2,000

- Increase from \$1,900 (prior quarter) is driven by pricing discipline and reduction in production capacity by manufacturers
- Dry inventory at the factory has remained stable at 800K TEU
- Lessors have remained disciplined, placing few new production orders in light of the existing inventory

### Resale prices stable and above book values

- On average, used containers are being sold at prices above book value
- Resale prices slightly higher from 4<sup>th</sup> quarter averages, supported by high utilization rates and recent increases in new production prices, however, sales volumes have decreased













IMF 2020 GDP growth forecast of -3%. Container trade growth expected to average -10% in 2020

Shipping line's performance will be negatively affected by declining trade volumes, partially offset by low fuel cost and capacity controls (e.g. blank sailings)

Customer credit risk at elevated levels during the current crisis, however, no resulting credit issues experienced through April 2020 Rebound in container trade will depend on the extent and duration of global quarantine measures

# tex

# **Summary Financial and Business Highlights**

in 000s, excluding per share amounts) QTD vs. prior quarter		QTD vs. prior year						
-	1Q 2020	4Q 2019	Change		1Q 2020	1Q 2019	Change	
Lease rental income	\$145,478	\$151,555	-\$6,077	-4%	\$145,478	\$155,526	-\$10,048	-6
Gains on sale and Trading margin <sup>2</sup>	\$6,443	\$5,128	\$1,315	26%	\$6,443	\$9,335	-\$2,304	-20
Income from operations	\$46,409	\$64,579	\$18,170	-28%	\$46,409	\$58,700	-\$12,291	-2
Net (loss) income to Textainer shareholders	-\$4,379	\$28,782	\$33,161	-115%	-\$3,570	\$17,050	-\$20,620	-12
per diluted share	-\$0.08	\$0.50	-\$0.58	-116%	-\$0.08	\$0.30	-\$0.38	-12
Adjusted net income	\$9,702	\$10,977	-\$1,275	-4%	\$9,702	\$22,442	-\$12,740	-10
per diluted share	\$0.17	\$0.19	-\$0.02	-11%	\$0.17	\$0.39	-\$0.22	-5
Adjusted EBITDA	\$117,065	\$113,187	\$3,878	3%	\$117,065	\$118,129	-\$1,064	
Cash, including restricted cash	\$225,998	\$277,905	-\$51,907	-19%	\$225,998	\$219,523	\$6,475	
Total "lease" container fleet <sup>3</sup>	\$4,611,314	\$4,723,112	-\$111,798	-2%	\$4,611,314	\$4,368,254	\$243,060	
Total "resale" container fleet 4	\$59,796	\$53,214	\$6,582	12%	\$59,796	\$57,927	\$1,869	
Debt, net of deferred financing costs	\$3,665,145	\$3,797,729	-\$132,584	-3%	\$3,665,145	\$3,385,385	\$279,760	
Total equity	\$1,256,349	\$1,285,645	-\$28,487	-6%	\$1,256,349	\$1,254,309	\$2,040	
Average fleet utilization	96.2%	96.4%	-0.2%	-0%	96.2%	98.3%	-2.1%	
Total fleet size at end of period (TEU)	3,450,680	3,500,812	-50,132	-1%	3,450,680	3,410,710	39,970	
Container capex <sup>1</sup>	\$8,000	\$28,000			\$8,000	\$200,000		
Shares repurchased	1,947,000	638,000			1,947,000			

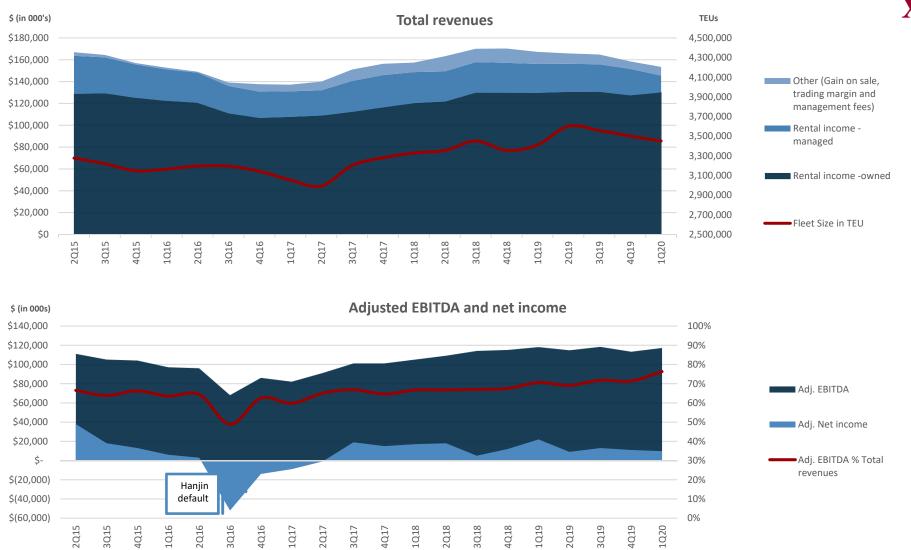
Based on date added to the fleet (delivery date). Consists of all container purchases for both the owned and managed fleet. Does not reflect fleet moves between owned and managed

<sup>2)</sup> Combined total of Gain on sale of owned fleet containers, net, and Trading container margin

<sup>3)</sup> Combined total of Containers, net, Net investment in direct financing and sales-type leases, and Container leaseback financing receivable

<sup>4)</sup> Combined total of Trading containers and Containers held for sale

### **Financial Performance Trends**



### Conclusion

- Delivered stable results in spite of the challenges from the COVID-19 pandemic
- Pricing and production discipline by container manufacturers resulted in stable container prices above \$2000
- Factory inventory levels for the industry have remained stable at 800K TEU which is reasonable in light of the current low demand environment
- We believe the market is poised for a turnaround with the expected return of seasonal demand in the second half of the year, however, the extent and duration of quarantine measures add significant uncertainty
- Actively repurchasing shares under our \$50M buy-back program with 1.9M shares purchased during 1Q20
- Strong balance sheet with \$226M in cash and \$816M of available borrowing capacity in our facilities, well positioned to navigate any challenges from the current crisis and ready to participate in the eventual recovery
- We remain focused on improving profitability and maintaining a strong balance sheet to better serve our customers and take advantage of future opportunities





**Appendix** 

### Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Items

(Dollars in thousands)					ee Months Ended,			
(Unaudited)	03/31/20		12	12/31/19		03/31/19		
Reconciliation of adjusted net income:								
Net (loss) income attributable to Textainer Group Holdings Limited shareholders	\$	(4,379)	\$	28,782	\$	17,050		
Adjustments:								
Write-off of unamortized deferred debt issuance costs		122		_		_		
Unrealized loss (gain) on derivative instruments, net		14,937		(2,873)		5,738		
Gain on insurance recovery and legal settlement		_		(14,040)		_		
Gain on settlement of pre-existing management agreement		_		(1,823)		_		
Impact of reconciling items on income tax (benefit) expense		(150)		551		(57)		
Impact of reconciling items attributable to noncontrolling interest		(828)		380		(289)		
Adjusted net income	\$	9,702	\$	10,977	\$	22,442		
Reconciliation of adjusted EBITDA:								
Net (loss) income attributable to Textainer Group Holdings Limited shareholders	\$	(4,379)	\$	28,782	\$	17,050		
Adjustments:								
Interest income		(400)		(458)		(638)		
Interest expense		36,112		37,486		37,516		
Write-off of unamortized deferred debt issuance costs		122		_		_		
Realized loss (gain) on derivative instruments, net		1,526		763		(1,444)		
Unrealized loss (gain) on derivative instruments, net		14,937		(2,873)		5,738		
Gain on insurance recovery and legal settlement		_		(14,040)		_		
Gain on settlement of pre-existing management agreement		_		(1,823)		_		
Income tax (benefit) expense		(833)		478		373		
Net (loss) income attributable to the noncontrolling interest		(729)		407		105		
Depreciation expense		66,834		66,129		62,464		
Container (recovery) expense from lessee default, net		(1)		25		(720)		
Amortization expense		564		517		602		
Impact of reconciling items attributable to noncontrolling interest		3,312		(2,206)		(2,917)		
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	117,065	\$	113,187	\$	118,129		

t e X 0